	• •
1	
2	
3	
4	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
5	In re:)
6	GENERAL ORDER) SECOND AMENDED ORDER GENERAL ORDER) ESTABLISHING STANDARDS FOR
8	02-05) THE ELECTRONIC FILING,) SIGNING AND VERIFICATION) OF DOCUMENTS
° 9) OF DOCOMENTS
10	THE COURT BEING MINDFUL:
11	of the Judicial Conference's Committee on Automation and
12	Technology having designated moving to electronic case files as a top priority; and
13	of the Court's participation in the case management and
14	electronic case filing system developed by the Administrative Office of the United States; and
15	that it permits, by local rule, the filing, signing and verification of documents by electronic means so long as
16	they are consistent with standards established by the Court; and
17	of its intent to promote and encourage the use of electronic
18	case management methods which include the filing of documents in cases and Adversary Proceedings and the
19	preparation, signing and distribution of court issued documents; and
20	of its intent to replace conventional methods of
21	transmitting, receiving and maintaining information with electronic methods, as quickly and as completely as is
22	practicable, while yet maintaining the reliability, accessability and security of that information;
23	NOW THEREFORE THE COURT hereby amends its first amended general
24 25	order establishing standards for the electronic filing, signing and verification of documents dated March 11, 2004, effective April 1, 2005 as follows:
26	1. Scope of Electronic Filing - Unless expressly
27	prohibited, the filing of all documents required or
28	1

1 a case or Adversary Proceeding may be accomplished electronically. 2 Documents filed conventionally with the court may be 3 converted into an electronic format by the court and in such cases, such documents will be treated for all purposes as if they had been electronically filed, 4 except that conversion of a conventionally filed 5 document to electronic format by the Court will not effect the original filing date and time of that 6 document. 7 2. Official Record of Court - The official record of the Court shall be all documents filed electronically, 8 converted to an electronically filed format and those conventionally filed and not converted to electronic 9 format. 10 3. Retention of Record Copy - Where a document filed conventionally is converted to an electronic format by the Court, the document originally filed shall be the 11 record copy only. Record copies of documents will be 12 retained by the Court only so long as required to ensure that the information has been transferred to the Court's data base, for other Court purposes or as 13 required by other applicable laws or rules. 14 4. Eligibility, Registration, Passwords. All persons may file pleadings and documents electronically so long as 15 they satisfy the registration requirements established 16 by the Court. 17 5. Requirement to File Documents Electronically - All Attorneys, whether or not admitted to practice in this 18 district, and Parties in Interest in cases or Adversary Proceedings filed in this court, including but not 19 limited to examiners, trustees, Office of the United States Trustee, Office of the United States Attorney 20 and any other entity as determined by the court, are required to file documents electronically in a manner 21 approved by the court. 22 6. Exception to File Documents Electronically - Pro-se debtors, entities who have filed fewer than 12 23 documents during the most recent 12 month period and entities that have been granted a waiver from filing 24 electronically are excepted from filing documents electronically. No documents filed pursuant to LBR 25 9018-1 need nor should be filed electronically. 26 7. Waiver of Requirement to File Documents Electronically 27 28 2

1 - Any entity that is required to file documents electronically may request a waiver of that requirement by submitting to the court a Request for Waiver From 2 Electronic Filing on the prescribed form. A separate 3 waiver must be filed for each case or Adversary Proceeding for which a waiver is desired. 4 8. Failure to File Documents Electronically - Any entity 5 that is required to file documents electronically and that has not been granted a waiver or has an unresolved waiver request pending who files a document non-6 electronically is subject to sanctions as may be 7 imposed by the court or to having the document stricken unless, after notification, the document is promptly re-filed electronically or a waiver is requested. 8 9. 9 Consequences of Electronic Filing - The electronic transmission of a document to the Court via an 10 electronic filing system authorized by the Court and consistent with administrative and technical 11 requirements established by the Court, constitutes filing of the document for all purposes, including 12 those of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and local rules of this Court. The filing date and time of a document electronically filed is when the document is 13 electronically received by the Court. 14 Filing a document electronically does not alter the 15 filing deadline for that document. 16 10. Entry of Court Issued Documents - All orders, decrees, judgments, and proceedings of the Court may be filed in 17 accordance with this order. The entry date of an order, decree, judgment or other proceeding of the Court is that which is indicated on the Clerk's docket. 18 Sealed Documents - A Motion, made in accordance with 19 11. LBR 9018-1, to file documents under seal may be filed electronically, however the documents sought to be 20 sealed must be filed conventionally. 21 12. Retention of Documents Signed under Penalty of Perjury 22 or Under Oath - Where a document is signed under penalty or perjury or under oath, and is filed 23 electronically, the filing party shall retain the document containing the written signature for a period 24 of not less than five(5)years, the maximum allowable time to complete any appellate process, or the case or Adversary Proceeding is closed, whichever is later, and 25 shall produce the document upon order of the Court, or 26 a copy made in the regular course of business as described in 28 U.S.C. 1732. 27 28 3

13. Documents Signed Under Penalty of Perjury - Where a 1 document is signed conventionally under penalty of perjury and filed electronically using a method that 2 does not display an image of the signature, the filing 3 party shall file with the Court as a separate document a statement that the signing was witnessed and by whom. 4 Signatures - The electronic filing of a document shall 14. constitute the signature of that party for all purposes 5 for which a signature is required in connection with 6 proceedings before the Court, including FRBP 9011. Where an electronic signature is permitted and used, 7 the electronic signature is the signature for all purposes, including orders of the Court. 8 Where a document is filed electronically that was 9 initially signed conventionally, the submission of that document constitutes a signature and will have the same 10 force and effect as a written signature for all purposes, including FRBP 9011. 11 The signature on a document conventionally filed when 12 converted to an electronic format by the Court, will likewise constitute a signature and will have the same 13 force and effect as a written signature for all purposes, including FRBP 9011. 14 15. Notice and Service of Documents - A party filing any 15 document, electronically or conventionally, is required to satisfy the notice and service requirements 16 established by the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure. Any electronic notification given by the Court of a filing is not intended as a substitute to 17 the duty of the filing party to provide notice or 18 service as required by statutes and rules, particularly11 USC 102, FRBP 2002, FRBP 7004, FRBP 19 9014, LBR 2002-1, or local rules. 20 16. Technical Failures - Appropriate relief under FRBP 9006 may be sought from the Court where an electronic filing 21 is made untimely as the result of a technical failure of the Court. 22 17. Administrative and Technical Procedures - The Clerk of 23 Court is authorized to develop, adopt and publish administrative and technical procedures to satisfy the 24 technical and administrative requirements of electronic case management and electronic filing so long as they are consistent with the standards, if any, established 25 by the Judicial Conference of the United States, the 26 Administrative Office of the United States Courts, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, local rules or 27 28 4

this order. day of January 2005 this Dated John A. Rossmeissl, Chief Judge Patricia C. Williams, Bankruptcy Judge