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4	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
5	EASTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
6	In re:) THIRD AMENDED ORDER
7	GENERAL ORDER) ESTABLISHING STANDARDS FOR 03-05) THE ELECTRONIC FILING,
8) SIGNING AND VERIFICATION) OF DOCUMENTS
9)
10	THE COURT BEING MINDFUL:
11	of the Judicial Conference's Committee on Automation and Technology having designated moving to electronic case files as a top priority; and
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13	of the Court's participation in the case management and electronic case filing system developed by the Administrative Office of the United States; and
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15	that it permits, by local rule, the filing, signing and verification of documents by electronic means so long as
16	they are consistent with standards established by the Court; and
17	of its intent to promote and encourage the use of electronic
18	case management methods which include the filing of documents in cases and Adversary proceedings and the
19	preparation, signing and distribution of court issued documents; and
20	of its intent to replace conventional methods of
21 22	transmitting, receiving and maintaining information with electronic methods, as quickly and as completely as is
22	practicable, while yet maintaining the reliability, accessability and security of that information;
	NOW THEREFORE, THE COURT hereby amends its second amended general
24 25	order establishing standards for the electronic filing, signing and verification of documents dated January 13, 2005, effective April 1, 2005 as follows:
26	1. Scope of Electronic Filing - Unless expressly
27	prohibited, the filing of all documents required or
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permitted to be filed with the Court in connection with a case or adversary proceeding may be accomplished electronically.

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Documents filed conventionally with the Court may be converted into an electronic format by the Court and, in such cases, such documents will be treated for all purposes as if they had been electronically filed, except that conversion of a conventionally filed document to electronic format by the Court will not effect the original filing date and time of that document.

- 2. Official Record of Court The official record of the Court shall be all documents filed electronically, converted to an electronically filed format and those conventionally filed and not converted to electronic format.
- 3. Retention of Record Copy Where a document filed conventionally is converted to an electronic format by the Court, the document originally filed shall be the record copy only. Record copies of documents will be retained by the Court only so long as required to ensure that the information has been transferred to the Court's data base, for other Court purposes or as required by other applicable laws or rules.
 - 4. Eligibility, Registration, Passwords All persons may file pleadings and documents electronically so long as they satisfy the registration requirements established by the Court.
 - 5. Requirement to File Documents Electronically All attorneys, whether or not admitted to practice in this District, and parties-in-interest in cases or adversary proceedings filed in this Court, including but not limited to examiners, trustees, Office of the United States Trustee, Office of the United States Attorney and any other entity as determined by the Court, are required to file documents electronically in a manner approved by the Court.
- 6. Exception to File Documents Electronically Pro-se debtors, non-attorney entities that have filed fewer than 12 documents during the most recent 12 month period and entities that have been granted a waiver from filing electronically are excepted from filing documents electronically. No documents filed pursuant to LBR 9018-1 need nor should be filed electronically.
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7. Waiver of Requirement to File Documents Electronically Any entity that is required to file documents electronically may request a waiver of that requirement by submitting to the Court a Request for Waiver From Electronic Filing on the prescribed form. A separate waiver must be filed for each case or adversary proceeding for which a waiver is desired.

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- 8. Failure to File Documents Electronically Any entity that is required to file documents electronically and that has not been granted a waiver or has an unresolved waiver request pending that files a document nonelectronically is subject to sanctions as may be imposed by the Court or to having the document stricken unless, after notification, the document is promptly re-filed electronically or a waiver is requested.
- 9. Consequences of Electronic Filing The electronic transmission of a document to the Court via an electronic filing system authorized by the Court and consistent with administrative and technical requirements established by the Court, constitutes filing of the document for all purposes, including those of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and local rules of this Court. The filing date and time of a document electronically filed is when the document is electronically received by the Court.

Filing a document electronically does not alter the filing deadline for that document.

- 10. Entry of Court Issued Documents All orders, decrees, judgments, and proceedings of the Court may be filed in accordance with this order. The entry date of an order, decree, judgment or other proceeding of the Court is that which is indicated on the Clerk's docket.
- 11. Sealed Documents A motion, made in accordance with LBR 9018-1, to file documents under seal may be filed electronically, however, the documents sought to be sealed must be filed conventionally.
- 12. Retention of Documents Signed under Penalty of Perjury or Under Oath - Where a document is signed under penalty of perjury or under oath, and is filed electronically, the filing party shall retain the document containing the written signature, or a copy made in the ordinary course of business as described in 28 USC 1732, for a period of not less than five (5) years, the maximum allowable time to complete any appellate process, or the case or adversary proceeding is closed, whichever is later, and shall produce the

document upon order of the Court, or a copy made in the 1 regular course of business as described above. 2 13. Documents Signed Under Penalty of Perjury - Where a document is signed conventionally under penalty of 3 perjury by a person who does not have a password and filed electronically using a method that does not 4 display an image of the signature, the filing party 5 shall file with the Court as a separate document a statement that the signing was witnessed and by whom. 6 14. Signatures - The electronic filing of a document shall 7 constitute the signature of that party for all purposes for which a signature is required in connection with 8 proceedings before the Court, including FRBP 9011. Where an electronic signature is permitted and used, 9 the electronic signature is the signature for all purposes, including orders of the Court. 10 Where a document is filed electronically that was 11 initially signed conventionally, the submission of that document constitutes a signature and will have the same force and effect as a written signature for all 12 purposes, including FRBP 9011. 13 The signature on a document conventionally filed when converted to an electronic format by the Court, will 14 likewise constitute a signature and will have the same 15 force and effect as a written signature for all purposes, including FRBP 9011. 16 15. Notice and Service of Documents - A party filing any 17 document, electronically or conventionally, is required to satisfy the notice and service requirements 18 established by the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, with particular attention paid to FRBP 9036. 19 Any electronic notification given by the Court of a filing is not intended as a substitute to the duty of 20 the filing party to provide notice or service as required by statutes and rules, particularly 11 USC 21 102, FRBP 2002, FRBP 7004, FRBP 9014, LBR 2002-1, or local rules. 22 16. Technical Failures - Appropriate relief under FRBP 9006 23 may be sought from the Court where an electronic filing is made untimely as the result of a technical failure 24 of the Court. 25 17. Administrative and Technical Procedures - The Clerk of Court is authorized to develop, adopt and publish 26 administrative and technical procedures to satisfy the technical and administrative requirements of electronic 27 28 4

case management and electronic filing so long as they are consistent with the standards, if any, established by the Judicial Conference of the United States, the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, local rules or this order.

Thday of Dated this 2005. A ~ 0 John A. Rossmeissl

Chief Bankruptcy Judge

Patricia С. iams

Bankruptcy Judge